



## Computer Forensics Information

# Why forensics?

**To know how the attacker works**

**To ascertain the loss**

**To identify the attacker**

**preservation of evidence**

# Who are the attacker?

## **Hacker/Cracker**

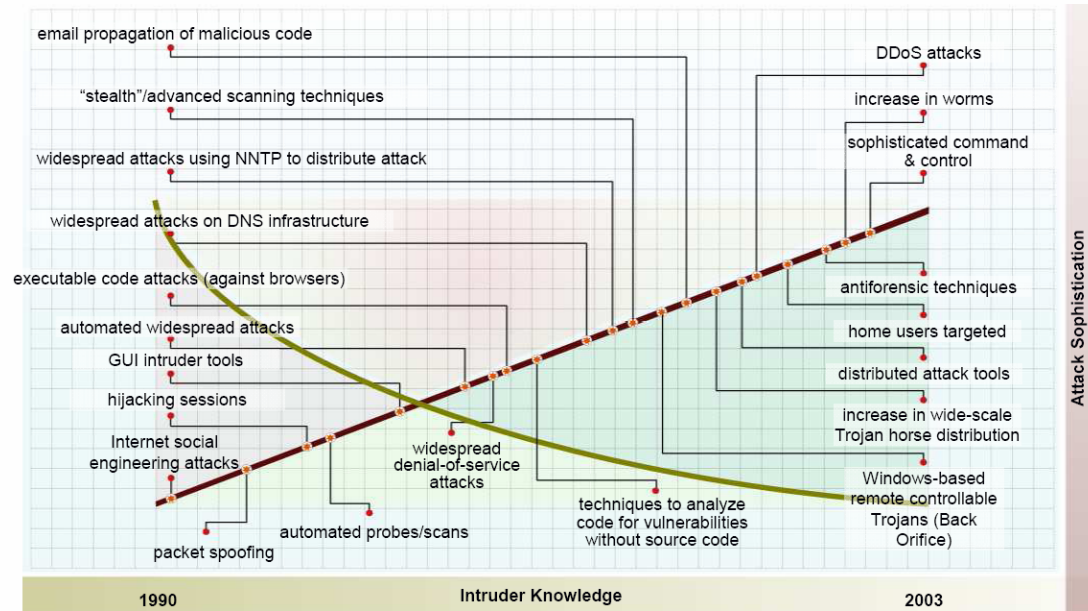
- Just for fun
- Politically motivated
- financially motivated

## **Staff members**

## **competitors**

## **Intelligence**

# Quality of the attacks vs. needed know how



Quelle: CERT

# Basic questions

- **What was happened?**
- **Where?**
- **When?**
- **How?**
- **Who?**
- **Why?**

# Forensic process

- alert or incrimination
- Cost / benefit equation
- Secure „site of crime“ very difficult for the Internet
- Collect evidence (photograph, document)
- Protect evidence verifiable against modification
- Analyse data
- Appraisal of results
- Documentation and presentation of the results
- Testimony at court

# Collecting data

- **order**
  - Cache, RAM
  - Temporary files, actual state of the network, running processes
  - Hard disks
  - Floppy disks, CD/DVD-RW, USB-devices, ...
  - CD/DVD-R, paper
- **Save the data to a forensic workstation**

# Tools (1)

- **From trustable source**
- **bootable CD/DVD (HELIX, FIRST)**
- **Unix/Linux**
  - dd, cp, cat, ls, ps, strings, find, file, bash, grep, less, vi, ifconfig, kill, nc/netcat, tcpdump, arp, df, diff, du, last, lsmod, md5, sha1, netstat, rpcinfo, showmount, top, uname, uptime, who, fdisk,
- **Windows**
  - Foundstone (z.B. FPort), Sysinternals (z.B. Handles, PsList) ...



# Tools (2)

- Encase

The screenshot displays the Encase interface with a table of history entries. The table has columns for Name, URL, Host, User, Visit Count, and First Date. Entry 18 is highlighted, and its details are shown in the console below.

Name	URL	Host	User	Visit Count	First Date
16	http://start.mozilla.org/firefox?cli	start.mozilla.org	PC User	6	02/04/05 04:07:42PM
17	http://webmail.netscape.com/_cc	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:08:28PM
18	http://webmail.netscape.com/msg	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:12:58PM
19	http://webmail.netscape.com/msg	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:08:47PM
20	http://webmail.netscape.com/con	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:13:25PM
21	http://webmail.netscape.com/con	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	8	02/04/05 04:16:42PM
22	http://webmail.netscape.com/msg	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:12:30PM
23	http://webmail.netscape.com/msg	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:10:58PM
24	http://webmail.netscape.com/msg	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	8	02/04/05 04:14:08PM
25	http://webmail.netscape.com/_cc	webmail.netscape.com	PC User	2	02/04/05 04:08:28PM

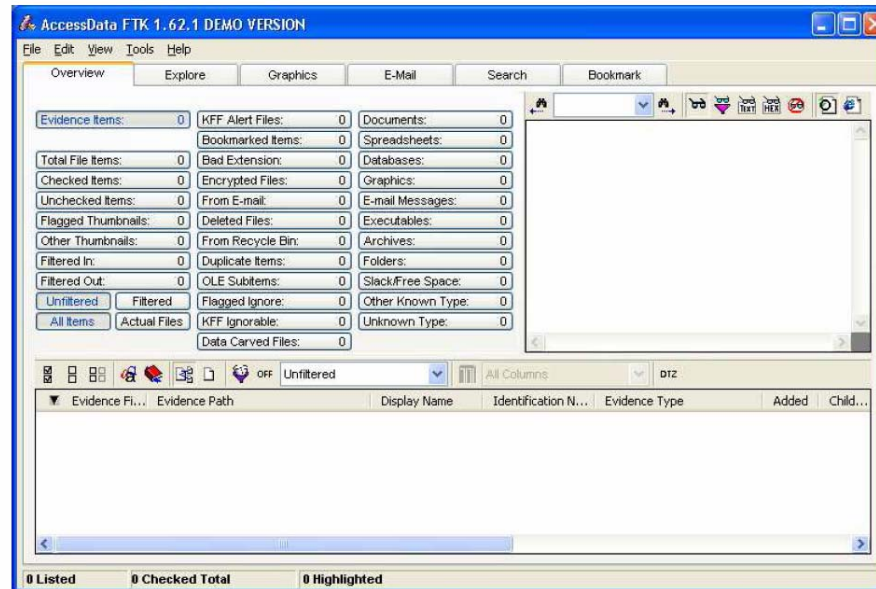
Details for entry 18:

```

URL: http://webmail.netscape.com/msgview.adp?folder=SW5ib3g=&uid=223796
Host: webmail.netscape.com
User: PC User
Visit Count: 2
First Date: 02/04/05 04:12:58PM
History Path: Internet and Email\Active\Documents and Settings\PC User\Application Data\Mozilla\Firefox\Profiles\03fh4udv.default\history.dat
  
```

# Tools (3)

- Forensic Tool Kit



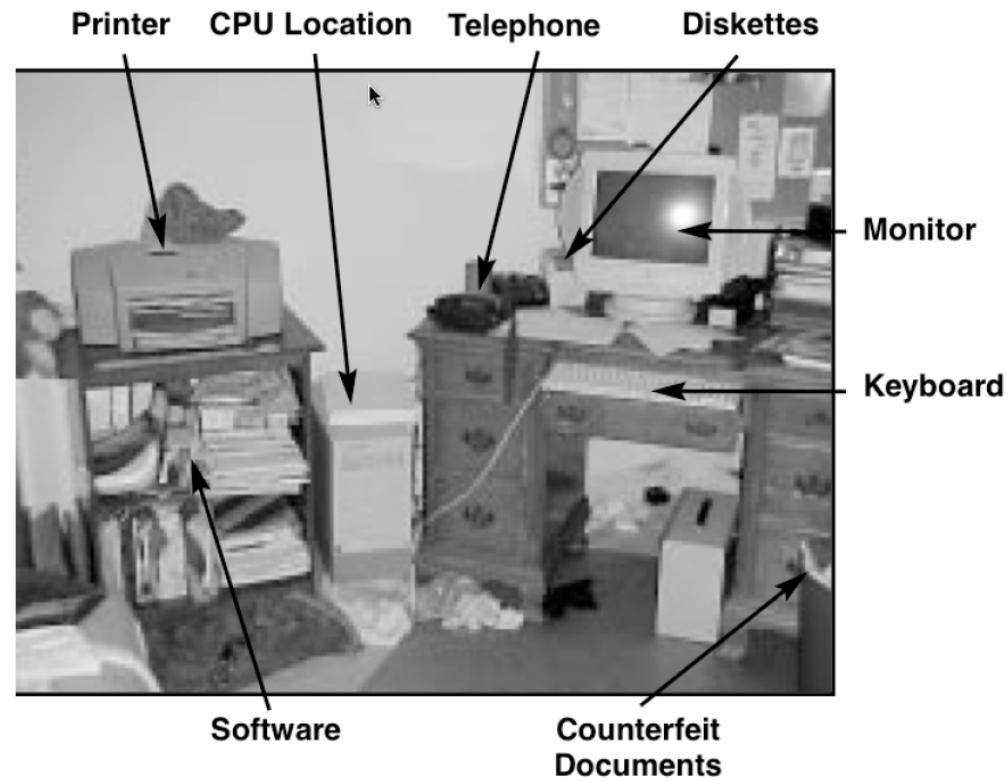
# Site of crime

## **Keep cool! decisions**

- Turn off the System or not? (memory, Processes)
- Plug off the network? (network connections)

## **Photograph and document everything Save the evidence**

# Site of crime



# Volatile data

- **RAM**
  - `dd bs=1024 < /dev/kmem | netcat -w 2 [target-IP] 1234`
- **Network connections**
  - `Netstat -an | netcat -w 2 [target-IP] 1234`
- **miscellaneous**
  - `last, who, w, ps, lsof, arp, ...`
- **External sources: Logserver, Firewall-, Intrusion Detection and Router-Logfiles**

# Non-volatile data

- **Create checksum of the data (sha1 oder md5)**
- **Create a Bit-by-Bit copy of the source**
- **Create checksum of the copy and compare it with the original**
- **Why 1:1 Image and not a simple copy?**
  - File Slack (not completely written cluster)
  - no modification of the access times (MACtimes)
    - M – mtime: change of the content
    - A – atime: last read access
    - C – ctime: change of the Inode (rights, owner)

# Forensic copy

- **Writeblocker**
  - Hardware
  - Software
- **requirements**
  - Creation of a bit-stream-duplicate or an image from an original hard drive/partition
  - No modifications on the original hard drive or partition
  - Read/write errors have to be logged
  - Documentation must be complete and correct

# Questions for the examination

- **What was saved on the hard disk?**
- **What traces did the applications leave?**
- **What files were deleted?**
- **Are there hidden files?**
- **Are encrypted files or scopes on the disk?**
- **Subsist hidden partitions?**
- **Subsist backdoors or remote admin tools?**



# Analysis

- **Search and examine all log files**
- **Search for particular keywords**
- **Examine all relevant data**
- **Identify not authorised user and group accounts**
- **Identify suspect processes**
- **Check unauthorised access**

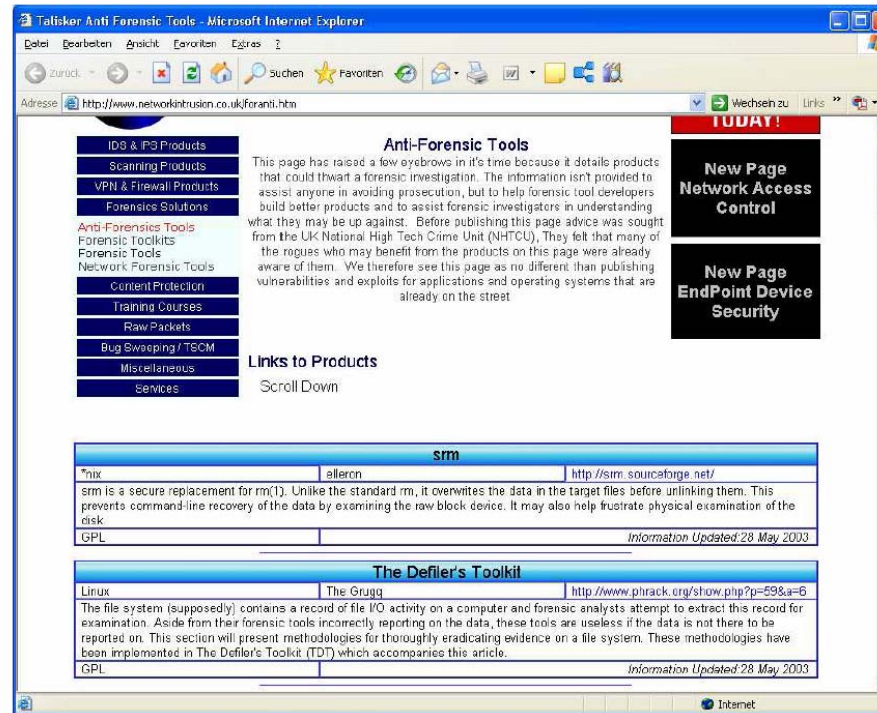
# Presentation

- **Present not only findings ...**
  - But rather how you did it
- **Show the rules and standards you have used**
- **Substantiate the conclusions**
- **And alternative explanatory models.**

# Criminal prosecution

- **Who makes the decision?**
- **Criminal or private law**
- **Complaint of an offence**
  - Will you do it?
  - Who can do it?
- **Site of crime principle**
  - Where is the offender?
  - Where arose the damage?
- **Collection of evidence (own team or police authorities)?**

# Limitations by antiforensics





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