The Challenges of Collecting Data for Sophisticated and Nomadic Targets in Next-Generation Networks

Shane O'Flynn
VP Client Services
Openet



Who am I and why am I here?

- Shane O'Flynn
 - → A software architect & engineer in a telecoms software company
 - Delivered solutions into 40 plus operators worldwide
 - Focussed on network edge solutions Charging, Mediation & DR/LI
- Openet solutions process more than 20 billion events and transactions every day. We help clients:
 - Bill more than \$10 billion in revenue each month customers
 - Create new business models and rapidly deploy services
 - Enable subscribers to personalize their experience
 - Dynamically control the allocation of network resources
 - Gain visibility into network usage to improve business operations
- We do this for more than 70 telco's & 350 million subscribers...



Data Retention: Regulation

- → EU Directive 2006/24/EC for retention of data generated or processed in connection with "publicly available electronic communications services" and "public communications networks".
- Member States must ensure that operators retain necessary data for between 6 months and 2 years, being able to:
 - trace and identify the source of a communication
 - trace and identify the destination of a communication
 - identify the date, time and duration of a communication
 - identify the type of communication
 - → identify the communication device
 - identify the location of mobile communication equipment.



Data Retention: Situation Analysis

- Highly Visible Programs
- Massive Data Volumes
- Complex Converged Services
- Mobility & Next Generation Networks
- Consolidating Multifarious Target Identities
- Cost Recovery



Data Retention: An Evolving Challenge

- Dramatically increasing volumes of traffic
- IP-based services
- 'Free' Services
- Sophisticated targets
- Nomadic targets
- Comparison with historic PSTN capabilities



Data Retention: Challenges for Operators

- Transform diverse network traffic into a useful record:
 - → Support multiple networks wireline, broadband IP, wireless, etc.
 - Collect from multiple data sources
 - Quickly identify and capture 'target' traffic
- Manage Data Retention initiatives cost-effectively
- Minimize impacts on day-to-day network operations
- Manage and authorize warrants in a timely manner
- Incorporate secure handover of information to the LEA



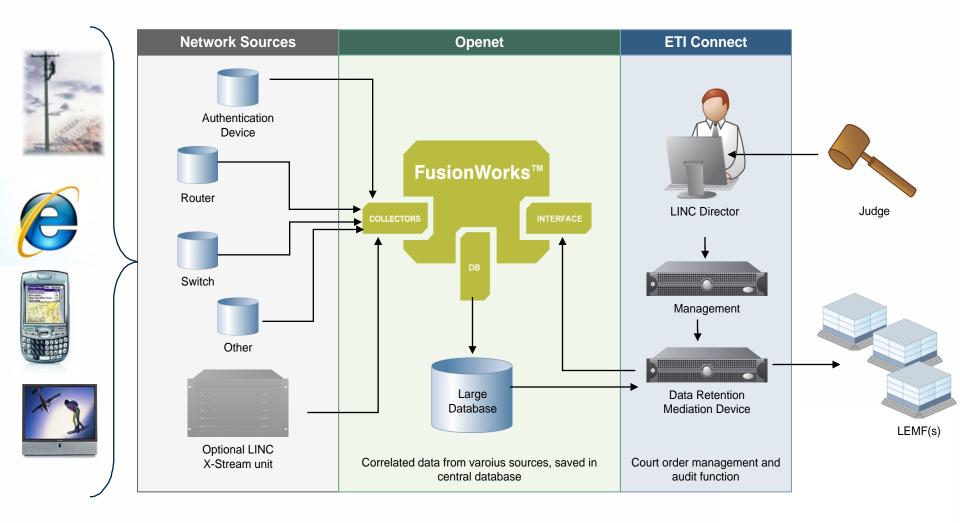
Data Retention Challenge: Volume & Complexity of Traffic

- Difficult to compile user transaction data for all activities and all services
- IP traffic generates at least an order of magnitude more records than Circuit Switched voice traffic
 - 100's of records
 - Out of sequence & Partial
 - Identifiers per device are different
- Struggle to filter data on individuals for LEA Warrants
 - → Pure sources of data are required for integrity of the information provided
 - Challenge to correlate the identifiers associated with an individual's traffic across multiple wire-line and wireless phone numbers, e-mail addresses, SIP addresses, MAC addresses, etc.

Provides a single unified view of each individual's data and voice traffic



Data Retention: Openet Solution Architecture

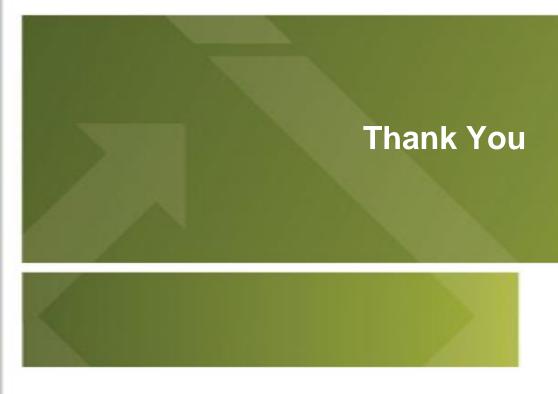




Data Retention: Conclusion

- Solution Requirements
 - Compliance Meet & exceed current regulations
 - Supports complex target identification
 - Support for multiple parallel formats
 - Capability Collect, correlate, retain & retrieve
 - Support for all network and service types
 - Enables sophisticated correlation of data
 - Enables high performance with exponentially increasing data volumes
 - Provides ability to aggregate and store data more cost effectively





Shane O'Flynn VP Client Services shane.oflynn@openet.com



Openet Data Retention Solution

- Incorporates comprehensive data collection, correlation, and enrichment capabilities
- Supports Data Retention for Circuit Switch & Packet Switch networks & service elements
- High performance volumes and low latency
- Scales horizontally and vertically
- Highly available
- Excellent price/performance

- Supports next generation architectures (IMS, TISPAN, PacketCable, etc)
- Supports network probes with application layer information, likely to be required in future regulations:
 - → E-mail not provided by CSPs (e.g., webmail, other email, etc.)
 - → Internet Telephony (e.g., non-carrier grade VoIP)
 - Other P2P services
- Provides efficient storage of relevant retained data
- Fully compliant with a variety of international Data Retention standards

